

Ion-Molecule Reactions in Hydrocarbon Oxydations

C. Vinckier, M. P. Gardner and K. D. Bayes

$\text{CHO}^+$  was generated by reacting oxygen atoms with acetylene in a cylindrical flow system having a radial electric field.  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_3^+$  was formed by proton transfer to acetylene with an energy independent rate constant. In a tree body reaction,  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_3^+ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  could form  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_5^+$  with an energy dependent rate constant. Proton transfer reactions to several other molecules such as  $\text{C}_2\text{N}_2$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{-O-CH}_3$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$ ,  $\text{CH}_4$  and  $\text{NH}_3$  will be reported.

Dr. C. Vinckier  
Department of Chemistry  
University of California  
Los Angeles, California  
USA